

$$y = CGe = CG(r - Hy)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{r} = \frac{CG}{1 + CGH}$$

$$e = r - Hy = r - H(CGe)$$

$$\frac{e}{r} = \frac{1}{1 + CGH}$$

FINAL VALUE THEOREM

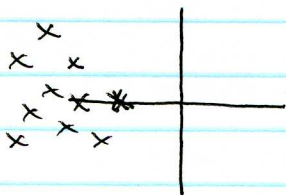
$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s E(s)$$

4/3/08

SOHO SATELLITE: SOLAR OBSERVER; 1.5 MIL KM OUT FROM SUN @ L1; RXN WHEELS & TRANSFORMERS

QUESTIONS FROM THE HW?

→ CRITICALLY DAMPED STUFF



$$\frac{N(s)}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

LET'S SAY WE HAVE A BUNCH OF POLES...

WE'D BE MAKING THE DENOMINATOR BIGGER

IT'D LOOK LIKE

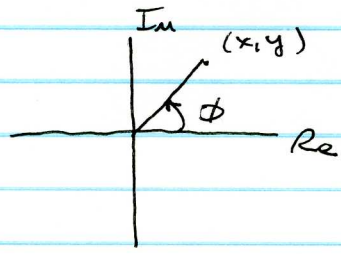
$$\frac{N(s)}{D(s)} = \frac{1}{s+a} + \frac{1}{(s+a)^2} + \frac{1}{(s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2)}$$

THE 3RD TERM GETS YOU
 $\dots e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t)$

How ABOUT GAIN & PHASE?

$$|x + jy| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

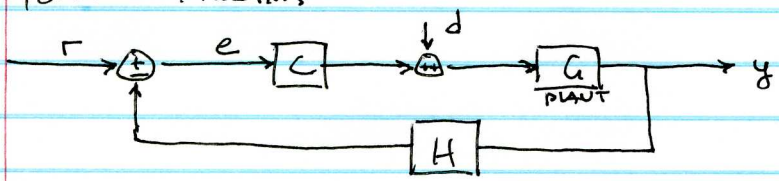
$$\angle(x + jy) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$



WHAT IF WE HAVE $\frac{a+jb}{c+jd}$?

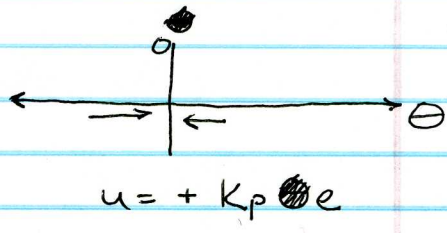
$$= \frac{(a+jb)(c-jd)}{(c+jd)(c-jd)} \Rightarrow \dots \frac{(ac+bd) + j(bc-ad)}{c^2 + d^2}$$

Block DIAGRAMS



$$J\ddot{\theta} = u$$

$$G(s) = \frac{U(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{Js^2}$$



SIGN ERROR!
 THEY SHOULD
 ALL BE (+)

$$C(s) = \frac{U(s)}{E(s)} = +K_p$$

WHAT IF $u = +k_p e + k_d \dot{e}$? $\Rightarrow C(s) = +(k_p + s k_d)$

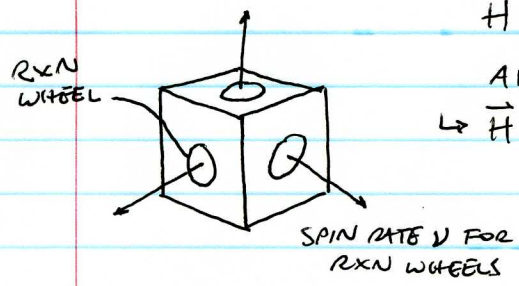
CASE STUDY: 3-AXIS CONTROL

• 1-2-3 = ROLL - PITCH - YAW

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_2 c_3 & s_3 & 0 \\ -c_2 s_3 & c_3 & 0 \\ s_2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{LINEARIZE...}$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \theta_3 & 0 \\ -\theta_3 & 1 & 0 \\ \theta_2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{ASSUME SMALL } \dot{\theta}'\text{'S...}$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\vec{H} = J_1 \omega_1 \hat{b}_1 + J_2 \omega_2 \hat{b}_2 + J_3 \omega_3 \hat{b}_3$$

ADD IN RXN WHEEL CONTRIBUTION

$$\vec{H} = (J_1 \omega_1 + J_w v_1) \hat{b}_1 + (J_2 \omega_2 + J_w v_2) \hat{b}_2 + (J_3 \omega_3 + J_w v_3) \hat{b}_3$$

$$M = \dot{H} + S(\omega)H \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J_1 \dot{\omega}_1 + J_w \dot{v}_1 \\ J_2 \dot{\omega}_2 + J_w \dot{v}_2 \\ J_3 \dot{\omega}_3 + J_w \dot{v}_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\omega_3 & \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 & 0 & -\omega_1 \\ -\omega_2 & \omega_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} J_1 \omega_1 + J_w v_1 \\ J_2 \omega_2 + J_w v_2 \\ J_3 \omega_3 + J_w v_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_1 = J_1 \dot{\omega}_1 + J_w \dot{v}_1 - (J_2 - J_3) \omega_2 \omega_3 + J_w (\omega_2 v_3 - \omega_3 v_2)$$

$$M_2 = \dots$$

$$M_3 = \dots$$

PLUG IN $\dot{\theta} - \omega$ RELATIONSHIP FROM ABOVE & NEGLECT "SMALL" PRODUCTS

$$M_1 = J_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + J_w \dot{v}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow M_2 = J_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + J_w \dot{v}_2$$

$$M_3 = J_3 \ddot{\theta}_3 + J_w \dot{v}_3$$

$$\Rightarrow M_1 + u_1 = J_1 \ddot{\theta}_1$$

$$M_2 + u_2 = J_2 \ddot{\theta}_2$$

$$M_3 + u_3 = J_3 \ddot{\theta}_3$$